

Further Education Taskforce Workshop Notes 22nd February 2023

What are the key challenges for young people accessing and sustaining Post-16 education or training?

Challenge Areas Identified	Comments	Information/Data Needed	Action Required
Low attendance, low	Poor family finance and deprivation.	LCC Raising Aspirations	Reaching families
aspiration at school.	More family intervention required.	Project - feedback from	Recruitment of dedicated support staff
	Lack of role models from deprived	steering group meetings.	Teacher retention incentives within
	backgrounds	Presentation to the FE	schools, colleges etc
		Taskforce?	Extension of Career Net Programme
Perceived lack of	Lack of parental knowledge – negativity		More flexibility learning and different
courses/qualifications	around sectors – e.g., Care		styles of delivery.
available within	Lack of industry champions –		Develop literature to change parent's
Gainsborough	Apprenticeship/STEM ambassadors.		perceptions about certain
	Capacity issues – filling courses that are		careers/sectors.
	not popular.		Recruit more Apprenticeship/STEM
	Negativity within the news/media		Ambassadors
	regarding certain public sector		
	professions due to pay and conditions.		
	Demand for some courses is		
	outstripping supply in some sectors -		

	e.g., construction, plumbing, electrician, bricklaying etc. Not enough flexibility in learning or styles of delivery	
Location/Transport/Access Students struggle to get to college. Despite the offer of free travel, there are still several barriers.	Distance – the time it takes to get to College. Accessibility – some rural areas are not on a bus/train route. Reliability – buses/trains are often not running.	Travel Scheme for 16–18-year-olds funded by the Council.
Apprentices aged 16-18 struggle to get to their place of work.	Many workplaces are not on a bus/train route. A lot of students are unable to drive.	Funding for driving tuition?
Learners struggles to connect digitally from remote areas of the district.		Hot desks in community venues – e.g., village halls
Poor Teaching Provision	Teachers and Teaching Assistants are leaving the profession. Disparities of pay between teachers and FE tutors.	Back to School – incentivise 50+ (economically inactive) into teaching and learning.
	Need to recruit specialist staff to support learning difficulties, mental health etc.	More mental health practitioners linked to schools and FE.

	More careers support needed for schools and Colleges.	Incentivise employers to commit to schools' long term – not just give an hour, as and when.
More local authority intervention needed	Promotional literature is poor or non- existent. Attendance at careers event is hit and miss.	Invite young people into the council to learn about Governance, local area issues and to get involved in the local community.
	Employability skills/customer service training etc	Develop film, written, social media content to promote careers in the public sector.
	Work experiences and placements	Identifiable scheme within WLDC and limited bureaucracy.

2. How can data/information be used more effectively to track those that drop out of Post-16 education or training?

Challenge Areas Identified	Comments	Information/Data	Action Required
		Required	
Who is responsible for ensuring Post 16 learners	"Drop out" learners/apprentices don't appear to get picked up. How many	NEETs data?	Employment & Skills Advisory Panel to explore how to track this data and
are in education or	are NEET?		how it can be shared. E.g., Task and
training?	Lack of Apprenticeship completions at end point assessment.		Finish Group
What sanctions are there	Who is responsible for tracking		More provision/organisations needed
for parents, learners that	NEETS?		to support NEETs across the county.
drop out before 18.			
	Lack of knowledge and understanding		Something equal to the Talent Match
What does the	is driving the demand for the wrong		Programme.
legal/statutory guidance say	provision.		

about those that drop out	Gaps where employers could feed into	Entry level Apprenticeships that offer
of education or training?	missing information – e.g., data on	multiple disciplines in different sectors
	withdrawn Apprenticeships.	– e.g., construction (plastering,
		decorating, plumbing etc) or
	More support needed to find hidden	engineering (machining, welding,
	NEETs.	electrical etc)
	County Council role in managing	Qualifications that don't require Maths
	NEETs?	and English at 4 or above!
		language and a street and a str
		Improve apprenticeship awareness for
		both employers and parents.

3. What skills/knowledge/training are local employers looking for and does the provision available match those needs?

Challenge Areas Identified	Comments	Information/Data	Action Required
		Required	
Do employers know what		LEP Skills Reports	
they want/are looking for?		LCC Skills Reports	
		LSIP Report	
Lack of funds for training			Invest in Career Net long term
18+			
Lack of Work Readiness	Communication		
amongst young people	Writing/Presentation		
	Customer service		
	Time management		
	Having difficult conversations		
	Presentable		
	Teamwork		

	Skill bootcamps to promote flexibility,	
	resilience, problem solving?	
Lack of Digital Skills	App based training.	
amongst young people	Use of MS word/excel etc.	
	Online skills	
	Professional emails	
	Report writing	
Perceived lack of		Employment Week:
opportunities within the WL		Employers to open their doors for
area		tours, work experience days,
		presentations, demonstrations.
		Local authority to open-up all sites –
		Crem, TAC, Depot, Leisure Centres etc.
		Weekend visits to include parents?